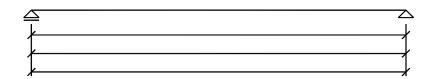
## Load test of bridge model Ústav stavebního zkušebnictví, FAST, VUT v Brně Study group: Date:

## 1. Calculation of theoretical deformations

Characteristics of bridge model and load specifications: a = ..... (m)

Figure:



Calculation of theoretical deformations:

 $v_A =$ 

 $v_B =$ 

 $v_{B}$  =

 $v_{theor} = v_A + v_B + v_{B'} =$ 

## **3. Grafical plotting of deformations** (according to the results of test)

Load test of bridge model					
Ústav stavebního zkušebnictví, FAST, VUT v Brně	Name:				
Bl02 Testing and technology	Study group:	Date:			

	Gauge reading									Calculation of deformations				
2. Loading state + def. calculation	Support deformations ( mm )			Measured deformations ( mm )							Ø P = (P1 + P5) / 2	max. deformations v <sub>max</sub> (on F3)	v <sub>max</sub> - ∅ P ( mm )	note
			In direction of flooring			Cross direction of flooring								
	P1	P5	F2	F3	F4	F6	F7	F8	F9	F10	( mm )	( mm )	(111111)	
$m_1$														
m <sub>2</sub>														
Total def. <b>v</b> <sub>t</sub> = <b>m</b> <sub>2</sub> - <b>m</b> <sub>1</sub>														
m <sub>3</sub>														
Elastic def. v <sub>e</sub> = m <sub>2</sub> - m <sub>3</sub>														
Plastic def. $\mathbf{v}_p = \mathbf{m}_3 - \mathbf{m}_1$														
Check of calculation : $v_t = v_e + v_p$										•	·			

Evaluation of loading capacity for measurement in point 3 – center of span						
$0.6 < v_{elast} / v_{theor} = \dots / \dots = \dots \le 1.10$	v <sub>plast</sub> / v <sub>total</sub> = / = ≤ 0,15					
Comments:						